

Brief Update on Levine Act January 25, 2024

The Levine Act (Gov. Code § 84308)



Previous Rule:

- Political Reform Act A campaign contribution is not a source of income and therefore does not give rise to a conflict
- Levine Act (Part of PRA) If the board is appointed, not elected, then there is a conflict of interest in those who made a campaign contribution of more than \$250
- Applies to proceedings for licenses, permits, entitlements and most contracts
 - Contract exceptions: competitively bid, labor and personal employment

New Rule (SB 1439):

As of 1/1/23, the Levine Act applies to both elected and appointed bodies

The Levine Act - SB 1439



- While a proceeding is pending, and for 12 months following the final decision, an "officer" (elected or appointed) must not accept, solicit, or direct a contribution of more than \$250 from a party, party's agent, or participant or participant's agent (if the officer knows the participant has a financial interest)
 - Applies to contributions to the officer and to contributions to others directed by the officer
 - For contributions following the final decision, the official can cure the violation if contribution is returned within 14 days (and certain conditions are met)

The Levine Act - SB 1439

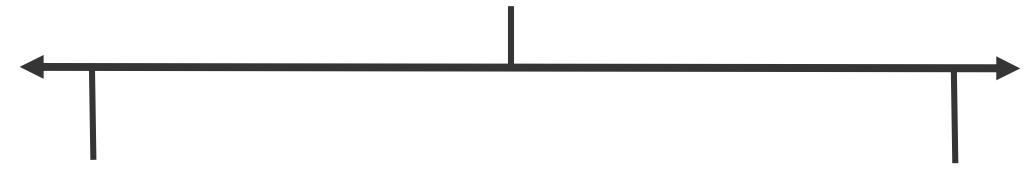


- Officer must disclose on the record any contributions of more than \$250
 received within the past 12 months from any party or participant in the
 proceeding, or their agents
- Officer must not participate in any proceeding if the officer has willfully or knowingly received a contribution of more than \$250 from a party, participant, or agent (if the officer knows the participant has a financial interest) within the past 12 months
 - Does not apply if the contribution is returned within 30 days

For Example:



Date of the decision at issue



12 months **before**: if an officer received a contribution from a party or participant, officer must (1) disclose on record and (2) recuse from decision for next 12 months.

At time of decision and for 12 months **after**: officer is prohibited from receiving a contribution greater than \$250 from a party or participant.

The Levine Act – SB 1439



- "Party" means any person who files an **application for, or is the subject of**, a proceeding involving a license, permit, or other entitlement for use.
- "Participant" means any person who is not a party but who actively supports or opposes a particular decision in a proceeding involving a license, permit, or other entitlement for use and who has a financial interest in the decision
- "License, permit, or other entitlement for use" means all business, professional, trade, and land use licenses and permits and all other entitlements for use, including all entitlements for land use, all contracts (other than competitively bid, labor, or personal employment contracts), and all franchises.

(Gov. Code § 84308)

The Levine Act – SB 1439



- A person is the "agent" of a party to, or a participant in, a pending proceeding involving a license, permit or other entitlement for use only if:
 - the person represents that party or participant for compensation and
 - appears before or otherwise communicates with the governmental agency for the purpose of influencing the pending proceeding.
- If an individual acting as an agent is also acting as an employee or member of a law, architectural, engineering or consulting firm, or a similar entity or corporation, both the entity or corporation and the individual are "agents."

(2 Cal. Code Regs. § 18438.3)

The Levine Act - SB 1439



- Party to a proceeding must disclose a contribution of more than \$250 made within the past 12 months by the party or party's agent
- Party and participant (and their agents) must not make a contribution of more than \$250 to any officer of the agency while the proceeding is pending and for 12 months following the proceeding
- Do **not** have a proactive duty to investigate potential financial interests ("know or have reason to know")



Questions?

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